| Quality Checkers<br>Only way to fulfill your dreams  |   | 12th Science : Physics<br>Thermodynamics, | DATE:      |  |
|--|---|---|------------|--|
|  |   |   | TIME: 1 hr |  |
|  |   |   | MARKS: 25  |  |
|  |   | SEAT NO:                                  |            |  |
| Note:-   |   |   |            |  |
| <ol> <li>All Questions are compulsory.</li> <li>Numbers on the right indicate full marks.</li> </ol> |   |   |            |  |
| Section A  |   |   |            |  |
| Q.1 Select and Write the correct answer. (4)   |   |   |            |  |
| 1.   | 1. During refrigeration cycle, heat is rejected by the refrigerant in the :   |   |            |  |
|  | A) condenser  | B) cold chamber                           |            |  |
|  | C) evaporator D) hot chamber  |   |            |  |
| 2.   | 2. Intensive variable do not depend on the of the system.   |   |            |  |
|  | A) Shape  | B) Volume                                 |            |  |
|  | C) Mass   | D) Size                                   |            |  |
| 3.   | The coefficient of performance of a carnot refrigerator working between 30° and 0° is   |   |            |  |
|  | A) 10   | B) 1                                      |            |  |
|  | C) 9  | D) 10                                     |            |  |
| 4.   | An ideal gas at 27° degree Celsius is compressed adiabatically to $\frac{8}{27}$ of its original volume. If $r = \frac{5}{3}$   |   |            |  |
|  | then the rise in temperature is   |   | 0          |  |
|  | A) 450 K  | B) 375 K                                  |            |  |
|  | C) 225 K  | D) 405 k                                  |            |  |
| Q.2 Answer the following. (3)  |   |   |            |  |
| 1.   | Define : Irreversible process.  |   |            |  |
| 2.   | Represent equation of an adiabatic process in terms of (i) T and V (ii) P and T.  |   |            |  |
|  |   |   |            |  |
| 3.   | What are the  | parts of a heat engine?                   |            |  |
| Section B<br>Attempt any Four  |   |   |            |  |
| Q.3  | Q.3 When the temperature of a system is increased or decreased in an adiabatic heating or cooling, <b>(2)</b> is there any transfer of heat to the system or from the system? |   |            |  |
| Q.4  | 4 State zeroth law of thermodynamics.   |   | (2)        |  |

Q.5 (2) Derive thermodynamics of Isochoric process. (2)

Q.6 Explain quasistate process.

A refrigerator is to maintain eatables kept inside at 9°c. If room temperature is 36°c, calculate **(2)** the coefficient of performance. Q.7

Q.8 A steam engine delivers  $5.4 \times 10^8$  J of work per minute and services  $3.6 \times 10^9$  J of heat per minute from its boiler, what is the efficiency of the engine? How much heat is wasted per minute?

## Section C Attempt any Two

- Q.9 Explain classification of thermodynamics system on basis of transfer of heat and matter to (3) environment.
- Q.10 Derive the relation between coefficient of performance ( $\alpha$ ) and efficiency of heat engine ( $\eta$ ). (3)
- Q.11 A hypothetical thermodynamic cycle is shown in the figure. Calculate the work done in 25 (3) cycles.



Section D Attempt any One

Q.12 Can you explain the thermodynamics involved in cooking food using a pressure cooker? (4)

Fill in the Blanks:

A ring shaped tube contains two ideal gases with equal masses and relative molar masses  $M_1 = 32$ and  $M_2 = 28$ . The gases are separated by one fixed partition and another movable stopper S which can move freely without friction inside the ring. The angle  $\alpha$  as shown in the figure is ...... degrees (1997, 2M)



Q.13 Explain how work is done during a thermodynamic process.

(4)

(OR)

Explain how work is done by a system depends not only on the initial and the final states, but also on the intermediate states.